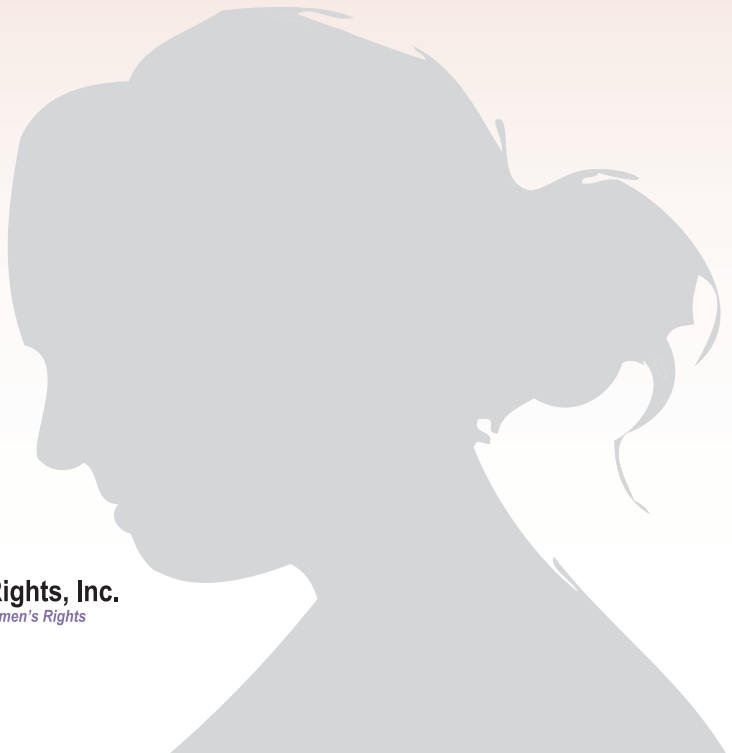


What You Should Know When Assisting Rape Survivors



EnGenderRights, Inc.
Asserting Women's Rights



Step-by-Step Procedure to File Rape Complaints

STEP 1 - Get **immediate assistance** from the **police¹** or **barangay**

- The Police or barangay may **arrest the offender if the arrest qualifies as a lawful warrantless arrest**

STEP 2 – Get **Referral Letter for medico-legal exam** from the police

STEP 3 – Get **immediate medico-legal exam at the nearest government medico-legal clinic**

- a) PNP Crime Laboratory (e.g., **Camp Crame Crime Laboratory** where they conduct **free DNA tests for rape survivors** and they conduct **colposcopic examination of genital injuries**);
- b) Women and Children Protection Units and Protection Centers at government hospitals;
- c) Emergency rooms of government hospitals (e.g., Quezon City General Hospital)

Important for medico-legal exam:

- ***Get medico-legal exam immediately or within three days from the incident***
- ***Avoid bathing, brushing teeth and mouth rinsing, douching, urinating and washing until after the examination***
- ***Collect clothing used during the incident and other evidence; air dry and place in paper envelope***
- ***Note: No evident injury at the time of examination does not exclude sexual abuse***

STEP 4 – Get copy of the **Complaint-Affidavit (Sinumpaang Salaysay)** for violation of the Anti-Rape Law (RA 8353) at the police station

STEP 5 – File the **criminal complaint** (Complaint-Affidavit/Sinumpaang Salaysay) with the **Prosecutor's Office** that has jurisdiction

STEP 6 - Get **counseling** and **counseling/psychological/psychiatric evaluation report** from:

- a) QC Protection Center for Gender-based Violence, QC General Hospital and Medical Center, Seminary Road, QC;
- b) UP-PGH Women's Desk;
- c) UP-PGH Child Protection Unit or any Women and Children Protection Unit in the locality;
- d) Women's Crisis Center, St. Scholastica Archives & Museum Center, Pablo Ocampo St., Manila;

¹ Specifically, Philippine National Police-Women and Children Protection Desks (PNP-WCPD) or PNP-CIDG/CIDT/CIDU Women and Children Protection Division/Desk that has jurisdiction

- e) National Center for Mental Health for survivors with mental disability;
- f) Any center providing such services (e.g. Psychiatry Department, Eastern Visayas Regional Medical Center (EVRMC); Mental Health Dept., Cotabato Regional & Medical Center)

HOTLINES/USEFUL CONTACTS

Metro Manila

Philippine National Police - Dial 117; trunkline (02)7230401
PNP Women and Children Protection Division (WCPD), CIDG – (020)5846511; (02)7230401 loc. 5232
PNP Crime Laboratory – (02)4143334; (02)7230401 loc. 4436
PNP DNA – (02)7230401 loc. 4516
PNP Anti-Cybercrime Group (ACG) –(02)4141550
NBI Anti-VAWC Division - (02)5256028; (02)3027623; (02)5238231 to 38 Loc. 3444
NBI Cyber Crime Division - (02)5238231 to 38 Loc. 3454
NBI Anti-Trafficking – (02)5238231 to 38
Inter-Agency Council Against Trafficking (IACAT) Action Line – Dial 1343
Center for the Prevention and Treatment of Child Sexual Abuse (CPTCSA) – (02)4347528; (02)4267839
International Justice Mission (IJM) - (02)6373983; (02)6385615; (02)6385621
QC Protection Center, QC General Hospital and Medical Center, Seminary Rd., Quezon City - (02) 4261318 loc.1047
Women Crisis Center (WCC), Manila City –0928-4200859/0999-5779631/0916-2467470

Visayas

Tacloban, Leyte

Women & Children Protection Unit (WCPU), Eastern Visayas Regional Medical Center (EVRMC) – (053) 8321126
Tacloban Central Police Station – 09176317752
City Social Welfare and Development Office (CSWDO) – 09159664456 (Lili Baltazar, Social Worker, CSWDO)
Women’s Shelter - 09289969244 (Carmela Bastes, Center Head, City Social Welfare)
PNP Crime Laboratory, Police Regional Office 8, Camp Ruperto Kangleon, Palo, Leyte – (053)323-7730

Borongan City, Eastern Samar

WCPU, Eastern Samar Provincial Hospital (ESPH)– (055)5609555
Eastern Samar Provincial Police Office– 09174268861; (055)2613830; 09998408922 (SPO1 Katherine Poro)
Eastern Samar Provincial Social Welfare and Development Office (PSWDO) – 09176323855 (Gil Remabontan); 09218106742 (Julia Dulfo, RSW)
Provincial Crisis Intervention Center – 09393589925 (Maria Myrla Arma)

Balangkayan, Eastern Samar

WCPU, LGU Balangkayan – 09177216694 (Dr. Nelsie Labro) ; 09062360115 (Daisy E. Rosaldo, WCPDO)

Salcedo, Eastern Samar

WCPU, LGU Salcedo – 09208049678 (Dr. Ma. Socorro S. Campo)

Mindanao

Touch Foundation, Cagayan de Oro City – 0916-8832652; 09208497663
Mindanao Human Rights Action Center (MinHRAC) Cotabato City -09057097515
Community and Family Service Intgernational (CFSI) Cotabato City - 09175342374
Iligan City Council of Women (ICCW), Iligan City – 09164007967/09358568454

Prevent Pregnancies Resulting from Rape Through Emergency Contraception

What is emergency contraception?

Emergency contraception (EC) through emergency contraceptive pills (ECPs) and intrauterine devices (IUDs) can be used to prevent pregnancy resulting from rape. It is not an abortifacient and it does not have an effect on an established pregnancy. Increased access to EC and other modern contraceptives reduce the number of unwanted pregnancies and reduce the need for abortion.

What period is EC effective?

- a) ECPs = ECPs are effective if taken within 5 days after the rape incident; ECPs are more effective the sooner they are taken
- b) IUDs = IUDs are effective if inserted within 7 days

What is the regimen for EC?

A) Regimen for Emergency Contraceptive Pills

- Specifically dedicated ECPs
 - progestin; estrogen free; e.g. levonorgestrel
 - 1 dose of levonorgestrel 1.5 mg; can be taken within 5 days but more effective if taken sooner
 - Mode of Action - Levonorgestrel ECPs prevent pregnancy by preventing or delaying ovulation. They may also work to prevent fertilization of an egg by affecting the cervical mucus or the ability of sperm to bind to the egg (WHO). Extensive research suggests that interference with ovulation is the primary and possibly the only mechanism of action of levonorgestrel ECP. (ICEC & FIGO)
 - Oral Contraceptive Pill (estrogen-progestin)
 - 2 pills (1st dose) + 2 pills after 12 hours (2nd dose)* = High-Dose Pills (e.g., Femenal, Nordiol, Olygnon, Ovidon, Ovral)
 - 4 pills (1st dose) + 4 pills after 12 hours (2nd dose)* = Low-Dose Pills (e.g., Lo-Gentrol, Microgynon 30, Nordette, Rigevidon 21+7, Trust, Lady)
- *taken with one meclizine (e.g., Bonamine) with every dose

B) IUDs as Emergency Contraception

- Copper-releasing IUDs
 - can be inserted within 5 days (WHO 1998) or up to 7 days (PATH, 2004)
- Mode of action
 - the copper-bearing IUD works primarily by causing a chemical change that damages sperm and egg before they can meet (WHO July 2012, Fact sheet N*244)

Useful Evidence for Rape Complaints

- **Complaint-Affidavit of Survivor**
 - Complaint must **specify circumstances proving lack of consent including coercive circumstances and women's form of resistance** such as:
 - effect of alcohol or drugs on the woman
 - means the woman employed to evade the sexual assault (e.g., stalling, pleading, expressing a desire to go home, constantly moving away from the perpetrator)
 - keeping her thighs tightly closed
 - inability to physically resist due to fear of being beaten or killed
- **Affidavits of Witnesses**
 - Affidavits of **eyewitnesses**
 - Affidavits executed by **friends and family** to whom the rape survivor related the incident while suffering from trauma may be admitted as **res gestae evidence** (exception to hearsay evidence)
 - **Res gestae evidence - statements** made by a person while a **startling occurrence** is **taking place** or **immediately prior** or **subsequent** thereto with respect to the **circumstances** thereof (Rule 130, Sec. 42 Rules on Evidence)
 - **Similar acts as evidence.** – Evidence that one did a certain thing at one time may be received to prove a specific intent or knowledge, identity, plan, system, scheme, habit, custom or usage, and the like (Rule 130, Sec. 34)
- **Medico-legal Report** if the survivor underwent medico-legal examination

- **Toxicology Report** for presence of drugs and alcohol
- **Psychological or Psychiatric Report** after undergoing evaluation and counseling for trauma
- **Psychological Report** for survivors with mental disability (e.g. issued by the National Center for Mental Health)
- **Medical Certificate** regarding diagnosis and treatment of infections resulting from rape (e.g., gonorrhea, chlamydia, hepatitis B & C, HIV, UTI, human papillomavirus (HPV) 16 & 18)
- **Forensic DNA Analysis** to prove presence of perpetrator's DNA:
 - collected from the body of the victim-survivor and her clothing (e.g., skin of perpetrator from the fingernails of the victim-survivor as a result of the victim-survivor scratching the perpetrator)
 - collected from the crime scene (e.g., cigarette butt, towel) and body of the perpetrator
- **Pregnancy Test and Forensic DNA Analysis proving paternity** if victim-survivor became pregnant as a result of rape and subsequently gave birth
- **Birth Certificate or Dental Examination Result** if the child is below 12 years old to prove **statutory rape**

Treat Infections/Health Conditions Resulting from Rape And Present as Evidence

- Treat sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and reproductive tract infections (RTIs) resulting from rape
- If there was penile penetration, refer the survivor for pap smear or acetic acid/cryotherapy to diagnose and treat HPV infections/lesions (e.g. HPV types 16 and 18) that lead to cervical cancer
- Note: Evidence of such infections including urinary tract infections and HIV transmission resulting from rape should be presented as evidence

Prevent HIV Transmission Resulting from Rape Through Post Exposure Prophylaxis

What is post exposure prophylaxis?

Post Exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) is the use of **antiretroviral drugs** to treat exposure to HIV and prevent infection. **PEP must be started within 72 hours** after exposure to be effective and must be **continued for 28 days**. PEP reduces the risk of infection by over 90%.

A **baseline blood test** can be done immediately and followed by further **tests at 3 months and 6 months** since a person may test negative for HIV during the **window period of two weeks to six months** but can actually transmit the infection.

Having tested negative for HIV within 72 hours, antiretroviral treatment (e.g. AZT and 3TC) may be taken for 28 days.

Referral for HIV counseling and testing

Refer the survivor to **voluntary confidential counseling and testing centers** and follow-up services at a health facility for PEP, treatment of HIV transmission, prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV and care and support.

HIV Voluntary Confidential Counseling and Testing Centers

Luzon

Metro Manila

San Lazaro Hospital (SLH), Quiricada St., Sta. Cruz, Manila
Dr. Arturo Cabanban - Medical Center Chief; Dr. Rosario Jessica Tactacan –
Abrenica - HIV AIDS Core Team (HACT) Leader ; Tel: 7323776-78 Loc. 218; 3099543;
Mobile #: 09175359380; 09193516893

Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (RITM), Fillinvest Corporate City, Alabang,
Muntinlupa City; Dr. Remigio M. Olveda - Executive Director; Dr. Rossana A.
Ditangco - Head, HIV Research Unit/HACT, Team Leader; Tel: 8072628 to 32/36/38
local 332; 8097599; 8079603; 8422828; 8422445; Mobile # 0927510028

Philippine General Hospital (PGH), Taft Avenue, Manila
Dr. Rolando Enrique Domingo - Director; Dr. Jodor Lim - HIV AIDS Core Team
Leader; Ms. Dominga C. Gomez SAGIP Unit; Tel: 5218450; 5548400 Loc. 3235;
5673394; Mobile #: 09396258730

Manila Social Hygiene Clinic
208 Quiricada St., Sta. Cruz, Manila (in front of San Lazaro); Tel: 7116942 (M-Thu
8am-3pm; Fri 8-11am)

Caloocan Social Hygiene Clinic, Mabini St., Caloocan Health Dept.
Dr. Zenaida Calupaz; 2888811 loc. 2282 Mobile: 091176018331

Marikina City Social Hygiene Clinic, Marikina City; Dr. Honielyn Fernando; Mobile:
09178298862

Quezon City Batasan Social Hygiene Clinic, Batasan Hills
Dr. Dottie Mercado; Mobile: 09053576353

Quezon City Bernardo Social Hygiene Clinic, Bernardo Clinic
Dr. Suzette Encisa; Mobile: 09164781607

Quezon City Veterans Village (Proj. 7) Social Hygiene Clinic, Veterans Village
Dr. Monina Santos; Mobile: 09186184133

Other Areas in Luzon

Ilocos Training and Regional Medical Center (ITRMC), San Fernando, La Union
Dr. Francisco A. Valdez - Chief of Hospital; Dr. Jimmy Mynardo Mendigo & Dr.
Jeisela B. Gaerlan - HIV AIDS Core Team; Tel: (072) 700-3808 loc. 122; (042)8885864;
242-1143; 7001766; 7003766 Mobile #: 09204124478

Baguio General Hospital and Medical Center (BGHMC), Gov. Pack Rd. Baguio
City; Dr. Manuel C. Factora - Medical Center Chief; Dr. Maria Lorena L. Santos
- HIV AIDS Core Team Leader; Tel: (074) 4438342; 4423165; 442-2012; 4424080;
5236077; 5234103; 4428342 Mobile # 09175072326

Bicol Regional Training and Teaching Hospital (BRTH), Legaspi City, Albay
Dr. Rogelio G. Rivera - Chief of Hospital; Dr. Anna Lynda Bellen; Tel: (052) 4830636;
4830017; 483-0086; 4830886; 4830015/16/17; Mobile #: 09177935692

Cagayan Valley Medical Center (CVMC), Tuguegarao City, Cagayan Valley
Dr. Emmanuel F. Acluba - Chief of Hospital; Dr. Teresita Reyes - HIV AIDS Core
Team Leader; Tel: (078) 846-7240; 844-3789; 3213560/61/64; 8053560; Mobile #:
09176280924

Jose B. Lingad Memorial Medical Center, Brgy. San Dolores, San Fernando,
Pampanga; Dr. Venancio S. Banzon - Chief of Hospital; Dr. Edwin Pasumbal - HIV
AIDS Core Team Leader; Tel: (045) 9613921; 9613380 Mobile #: 09274040365

Visayas

Vicente Sotto, Sr. Memorial Medical Center (VSSMC), B. Rodriguez, Cebu City
Dr. Gerardo M. Aquino - Chief of Hospital
Dr. Regina Melodia - HIV AIDS Core Team Leader
Tel: (032) 2539882; 2539982; 2537564; 2532592 Mobile #: 09193473658

Governor Celestino Gallares Memorial Hospital, (formerly Bohol Provincial Hospital)
Miguel Parras Street, Tagbilaran City, Bohol; Tel: (038) 411-4868; 411-4869; 411-3185

Western Visayas Medical Center (WVMC), Q. Abeto St., Mandurriao, Iloilo City
Dr. Jose Mari C. Fermin - Chief of Hospital; Dr. Ray Celis - HIV AIDS Core Team
Leader; Tel: (033) 3211797; 3212841 to 50; 3212802; 3211420;
Mobile #: 09189401217

Corazon Locsin Montelibano Memorial Regional Hospital (CLMMRH), Lacson St.,
Bacolod City; Dr. Epifania S. Simbul - Chief of Hospital; Dr. Criselda E. Bacolor - HIV
AIDS Core Team Leader; Tel: (034)4351591 loc. 226; 4332697; 2080094
Mobile #: 09228608876

Eastern Visayas Regional Medical Center (EVRMC), Magsaysay Boulevard,
Tacloban City, Leyte; Tel: (053) 321 3129; 5232800 (Medical ward)

Mindanao

Southern Philippines Medical Center (SPMC), J.P. Laurel St., Bajada, Davao City
Dr. Leopoldo J. Vega –Chief of Hospital; Dr. Alicia Layug –HIV AIDS Core Team
Leader; Tel: (081) 227-2731; 0920-424-1721

Davao Medical Center, Davao City; Tel: (082)2217029

Zamboanga City Medical Center (ZCMC), Evangelista St., Zamboanga City
Dr. Romeo A. Ong - Chief of Hospital; Dr. Jejunee Rivera - HIV AIDS Core Team
Leader; Tel: (062) 9912934; 9916573; 9910573; 9920154 Mobile #: 09204241721

Cagayan de Oro City Health Office - Social Hygiene Clinic, Archbishop Hayes
Street, Cagayan de Oro City; Tel No.: (088)857-3183/857-3184/857-3185

Northern Mindanao Medical Center, Capitol Compound, Cagayan de Oro City
HIV AIDS Core Team; Tel: 726362

Committee of German Doctors, Mortola-Hayes Sts., Cagayan de Oro City
Tel. Nos. (08822) 726676, (088) 8572143

Sample Complaint-Affidavit for Violation of the Anti-Rape Law

Republic of the Philippines)
Quezon City) S. S.

COMPLAINT-AFFIDAVIT **(Violation of RA 8353)**

I, Katerina Montenegro, of legal age, Filipino, with residence at _____, after being sworn under oath in accordance with the law, do hereby depose and state that:

1. I am filing ___ count for **violation of the Anti-Rape Law (RA 8353)** against respondent Daniel Guidote, a Filipino citizen, (hereafter called "Daniel") residing at _____, Quezon City, Metro Manila;

2. On July __, 2012, respondent Daniel, an acquaintance of mine, told me that there was a party at his hotel room at _____ Hotel, Quezon City. When I went there, I was surprised to see that he was the only one at the hotel room so I told him I would just leave. He gave me a glass of wine and assured me that his other friends would be arriving soon. Seeing that my glass was empty, he poured more wine into my glass even when I said that I wanted to go home. He insisted that I drink my wine and wait for the others. I started feeling a bit tipsy halfway through my second glass. All of a sudden, respondent Daniel pushed me hard and I ended up falling on the bed. As I tried to get up from the bed, he then forcefully pinned me down, held my arms tightly and forcibly took off my pants and panty despite my pleas for him to stop. I was so afraid that he would beat me that all I could do was to try to break free but I was unsuccessful since he was pinning me down. I then summoned my strength to keep my thighs tightly closed but he still succeeded to rape me by forcibly inserting his penis into my vagina against my will and without my consent. He continued to rape me and threatened to kill me if I reported the incident. When respondent fell asleep, I silently took my bag and hurriedly left the hotel room and hailed a taxicab. I immediately reported the crime to the police station and thereafter I underwent medico-legal examination (attached hereto is my **Medico-Legal Certificate** attached hereto as **Annex "A"**) and the police officers immediately arrested respondent Daniel at his hotel room;

3. I am seeking justice by filing this complaint for violation of the Anti-Rape Law (RA 8353). The filing of the information is an important step towards making respondent Daniel accountable for the rape that he had committed and towards ending a culture of impunity and eliminating gender-based violence in our society;

4. The insidiousness of respondent Daniel's act committed against me has caused me and my family serious anxiety which makes respondent liable for damages;

5. I am executing this affidavit to attest to the veracity of all the foregoing for the purpose of filing the criminal complaint for one count for violation of the Anti-Rape Law (RA 8353) against respondent Daniel Guidote.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed my hand this ____ day of _____, 2014, at Quezon City.

(signed)
Katerina Montenegro
Complainant

CERTIFICATION

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this ____ day of _____, 2014 at Quezon City.

I hereby certify that I have personally examined the affiant and that I am satisfied that she voluntarily executed and understood this complaint-affidavit.

Assistant City Prosecutor

Sample Consent Form for DNA Collection & Analysis

Republic of the Philippines
Department of the Interior and Local Government
National Police Commission
REGIONAL CRIME LABORATORY OFFICE - _____
Camp _____, _____ City

MANIFESTATION OF CONSENT

CASE NO.: _____
DATE: _____

I, _____, a resident of _____, do hereby declare and state the following:

That I give my consent to the Medico-Legal Officer of the PNP Crime Laboratory, _____, M.D. to obtain BUCCAL DNA SAMPLES from my person that will serve as Reference DNA Sample for the Forensic DNA Analysis of biological evidence collected from the crime scene and the victim pertaining to an Alleged Rape with Homicide Case which was discovered on or about 5:05 PM of __ September 20__ at No. _____, _____ City involving victim _____, __ years old, and a resident of No. _____, _____ City.

I also hereby give my consent to the comparison of DNA Profile of said reference DNA specimen with the DNA evidence submitted to the Crime Laboratory pertaining to the aforementioned -mentioned case.

CONFORME

Signature over Printed Name

SIGNED IN THE PRESENCE OF:

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME this _____ day of _____ at _____ City, Philippines.

Administering Officer

Sample Request Letter for DNA Analysis

Republic of the Philippines
Department of the Interior and Local Government
National Police Commission
REGIONAL CRIME LABORATORY OFFICE - _____
Camp _____, _____ City

MEMORANDUM

FOR : Director, PNP Crime Laboratory
Camp Crame, Quezon City
(Attn: C, DNA Section)
FROM : Officer-in-Charge, RCLO-_____
SUBJECT: Forensic DNA Analysis, Request for
DATE : __ May 20__

1. Reference: Attached Memo from the Chief, _____ City Police Office–Women and Children Protection Desk dated __ May 20__.
2. This pertains to an Alleged Rape Incident wherein the victim is one _____, 12 years old, born on __ October 19__, Grade 5 pupil, and a resident of No. _____, _____ City. Incident allegedly happened between 8:30 to 10:00 PM of __ April 20__ at _____ Lodge located at No. _____, _____ City. Alleged perpetrator is one _____, 35 years old, and a resident of No. _____, _____ City.
3. In this connection, may we request your good office that Forensic DNA Analysis be conducted on the following specimen:
 - a. Specimen "A" – Two (2) vaginal swabs from the victim, _____, taken by _____, Medico-Legal Officer of the _____ Crime Laboratory Office on __ April 20__, and placed inside a brown paper envelope.
 - b. Standard specimen "B" – One (1) standard buccal swab from the victim, _____, taken by _____, Medico-Legal Officer of the _____ Crime Laboratory Office on 21 May 20__, and placed inside a brown paper envelope.
4. Request that a comparison of DNA profile from Specimen "A" be conducted to Standard Specimen "B".
5. Further request acknowledge receipt and furnish this office the result of your DNA examination.

_____, M.D.
Police Superintendent
Medico-Legal Officer

Penalty and Prescriptive Period under the Anti-Rape Law (RA 8353)

Crime	Penalty	Prescription
<p>Art. 266-A. Rape - (1) By a man who shall have carnal knowledge of a woman under any of the following circumstances: (a) Through force, threat, or intimidation; (b) When the offended party is deprived of reason or otherwise unconscious; (c) By means of fraudulent machination or grave abuse of authority; and (d) When the offended party is under twelve (12) years of age or is demented, even though none of the circumstances mentioned above be present.</p>	<p>Reclusion Perpetua [20 years, 1day - 40 years]</p>	<p>20 years</p>
<p>Art. 266-A. Rape - (2) By any person who, under any of the circumstances mentioned in paragraph 1, shall commit an act of sexual assault by inserting his penis into another person's mouth or anal orifice, or any instrument or object, into the genital or anal orifice of another person.</p>	<p>Prision mayor [6 years, 1 day – 12 years]</p>	<p>15 years</p>
	<p>Reclusion temporal [12 years, 1 day – 20 years] if committed with aggravating/qualifying circumstances; if committed with the use of deadly weapon or committed by 2 or more persons; if offended party became insane</p>	<p>20 years</p>
	<p>Reclusion perpetua[20 years, 1day - 40 years] If the rape by sexual assault was attempted and a homicide was committed; If by reason or on the occasion of the rape by sexual assault, homicide is committed</p>	<p>20 years</p>

MIGRANT SERVICES

Manila

Kanlungan Center Foundation, Inc. – (02) 9282384

Ople Center – (02) 8335337

OWWA Operations Center 24/7 – (02) 551-6641; 551-1560

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICES

Quezon City

Adolescent Medicine, Philippine Children’s Medical Center

(Dr. Rosa Ma. Nancho, Chair; Dr. Erlinda Cuisia Cruz) – (02)9246601/25

Women’s Health Care Foundation – 9264045

Ob-Gyne Dept., QC General Hospital and Medical Center -

(02) 4261318 (trunkline)

Manila

UP PGH Teen Mom Program (Dr. Emma Llanto) – (02) 554-8400 (Trunkline)

Caloocan

Population Services Pilipinas, Inc. – (02) 3639052

SEXUAL ORIENTATION, GENDER IDENTITY AND GENDER EXPRESSION (SOGIE) COUNSELING

Ateneo Psychology Department - (02) 426-6001 local 5260-62; 426-5905

DLSU Psychology Dept., Taft - (02) 524-4611 (trunk line)

DLSU-Dasmaringas Student Wellness Center - (02) 779-5180 and (046) 481-1900 to 1930

Ramon Magsaysay High School-Cubao Guidance Department- (02) 727-1046

UE Guidance Dept., Caloocan City - (02) 365-4124; (02) 367-4572 loc. 175

TRANSGENDER WOMEN SUPPORT GROUPS

Association of Transgender People in the Philippines (ATP) -

Kate Montecarlo 09164212582; katemontecarlo1986@gmail.com;

Dindi Tan 09324824872; 09166114640; dinditan.atp@gmail.com;

ATP official email: philtransmov@gmail.com

GANDA Filipinas - Naomi Fontanos 09202697607;

ganda.filipinas@gmail.com

STRAP - strapmanila@gmail.com

PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV (PLHIV) SUPPORT GROUPS

Pinoy Plus – (02) 7437293
Babae Plus - Telefax: 02-52845

PSYCHOLOGICAL/PSYCHIATRIC COUNSELING CENTERS

Metro Manila

QC Protection Center, Quezon City – (02) 4261318 loc. 1047

Women Crisis Center (WCC), Manila City –0928-4200859;
0999- 5779631; 0916-2467470

UP PGH Child Protection Unit, Taft Ave., Manila – (02) 5268418

UP PGH Women’s Desk, Taft Ave., Manila – (02) 554-8400 Loc. 2435, 3072;
Fax: (02) 5242990

PSYCHPROS (Dr. Leticia Peñano-Ho) – (02) 7242038; (02) 7239750

National Center for Mental Health – (02)5319001

Natasha Goulbourn Foundation – (02)8972217

Visayas

Tacloban, Leyte

WCPU, EVRMC – (053) 8321126

CSWDO – 09159664456 (Lili Baltazar, Social Worker, CSWDO)

Borongan City, Eastern Samar

WCPU, ESPH – (055)5609555

Eastern Samar PSWDO – 09176323855 (Gil Remabontan);
09218106742 (Julia Dulfo, RSW)

Balangkayan, Eastern Samar

WCPU, LGU Balangkayan – 09158410315 (Wilda B. Contado, MSWDO)

Salcedo, Eastern Samar

WCPU, LGU Salcedo – 09063060594 (Ma. Amelita G. Macasa, MSWDO)

Mindanao

Northern Mindanao Medical Center (NMMC) - Women's Desk and
Psychology Dept., Cagayan de Oro City - (08822) 726362 loc. 504

Cotabato Regional & Medical Center, Mental Health Dept., Cotabato
City - 4212340 (trunkline); Dr. Mildred Apostol

Mindanao State University – Iligan Institute of Technology (MSU-IIT), Iligan
City; Dr. Alma G. Maranda, Psychology Dept.;
almamaranda@yahoo.com

Maguindanao Provincial Hospital – WCPU, Sharif Aguak, Maguindanao

SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETERS FOR DEAF SURVIVORS

Deaf Resources Philippines - Dr. Liza B. Martinez - 0927.5288662; 9941441;
deafresourcesphilippines@mail.com



EnGendeRights, Inc.

Asserting Women's Rights

Email: engenderights@gmail.com

Telefax No. (632) 376-2578; Mobile landline (+632) 6645696

Like us: <http://www.facebook.com/engenderightsphilippines>

About EnGendeRights

EnGendeRights has done groundbreaking work in raising Filipino women's concerns to the international level especially the United Nations mechanisms. EnGendeRights spearheaded the drafting of a collaborative Shadow Report that was submitted to the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW Committee) during its 36th Session in August 2006, New York. This submission was done in collaboration with the Center for Reproductive Rights (CRR), Reproductive Rights Resource Group, Philippines (3RG-Phils.), and Health Development and Initiatives Institute (HDII). EnGendeRights, through its executive director Clara Rita Padilla, orally presented highlights of the Shadow Report during the CEDAW-NGO dialogue in New York and actively lobbied with the CEDAW experts leading to the successful adoption of strong sexual and reproductive health and rights language in the CEDAW Committee's Concluding Comments on six of the concerns stated in their Shadow Report (i.e., access to the full range contraceptive methods, access to safe and legal abortion, sexuality education for adolescents, skills and education for women in prostitution, legalization of divorce and repeal of discriminatory Muslim Code provisions). These recommendations are very useful in legislative, judicial, and executive advocacy towards eliminating discriminatory laws, policies, and practices on women.

In its continued work on sexual and reproductive rights and raising awareness on the mechanisms under CEDAW, EnGendeRights as part of the Task Force CEDAW Inquiry together with the CRR and the International Women's Rights Action Watch, Asia Pacific (IWRAP-AP) submitted a Request for Inquiry under the Optional Protocol to CEDAW in 2008. This submission requested the CEDAW experts to visit the Philippines to investigate the grave and systematic reproductive rights violations resulting from the restriction on contraceptives under EO 003 implemented in Manila City since 2000. CEDAW experts Pramila Patten and Violeta Neubauer conducted the onsite-investigation in Manila in November 2012 investigating national and local government officials including heads of hospitals and clinics, representatives of the DOH, DILG, Manila City, among others. This inquiry is historical because it is only the 2nd inquiry that has been conducted by the CEDAW Committee throughout the whole world. EnGendeRights' community awareness-raising and capacity-building work on sexual and reproductive rights in Manila has encouraged numerous women to undergo voluntary litigation procedure at the heart of Tondo directly challenging the prohibitions of Manila EO 003.

EnGendeRights publications include:

- "The Constitutionality of a Reproductive Health Care Law" (2012);
- "Ensuring Adolescent Right to Reproductive Health Through an RH Law" (2012);
- "Reasons Why We Need the RH Law" (2010);
- "Primer on the Inquiry Procedure under the OP CEDAW" (2010);
- "Advancing Reproductive Rights Using the Inquiry Procedure of the OP CEDAW and the UN Special Procedures: The Philippine Experience" (2010);
- Stop VAW & Stop Rape flyers, BPO & Temporary and Permanent Protection Order flyers (2010);
- "Engendering Women's Rights: A Paralegal Manual" on gender-based violence (2007)

EnGendeRights press releases and position papers include:

- "EnGendeRights Calls for the Repeal of the Prostitution Law Penalizing Women in Prostitution" (March 2012);
- "Proposal to Include Misoprostol on the Philippine National Drug Formulary and the FDA Drug Registry for Postpartum Hemorrhage Prevention" (July 2011);
- Calls to junk congressional bills restricting access to contraceptives and increasing penalties on abortion (May 2011, December 2006);
- "Upholding Women's Right to Levonorgestrel as Emergency Contraceptive Pill" submitted to the Bureau of Food and Drugs (BFAD) (March 2007);
- "Marital Infidelity does Not Have a Place in Our Penal Laws" (November 2007);
- The right to education of an adolescent who induced abortion (2007)